

Further Power, Energy, and Efficiency Questions (Teacher)

The average North American household uses about 30 kilowatt-hours per day. How much is this in Joules?

$$1 \text{ W} = 1 \text{ J/s}$$

$$1 \text{ hour} * 60 \text{ min/h} * 60 \text{ s/min} = 3600 \text{ s}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 30 \text{ kWh} &= (30,000 \text{ J/s}) * 3600 \text{ s} \\
 &= 108,000,000 \text{ J or } 1.1 \times 10^8 \text{ J}
 \end{aligned}$$

A professional cyclist can produce about 100 watt-hours in 1 hour. That's about enough energy to power:

- (a) A clock radio for 10 hours
- (b) A compact fluorescent light bulb for 6 hours, 40 minutes
- (c) A laptop computer for 2 hours
- (d) A 19-inch LCD TV for 1 hour, 40 minutes
- (e) A toaster for 7½ minutes
- (f) An iron for 4 minutes

Calculate the power rating (i.e. the power requirement, in Watts, or Joules/s) of each of the appliances above.

$$1 \text{ W} = 1 \text{ J/s}$$

$$1 \text{ hour} * 60 \text{ min/h} * 60 \text{ s/min} = 3600 \text{ s}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 100 \text{ Watt-hours} &= (100 \text{ J/s}) * 3600 \text{ s} \\
 &= 360,000 \text{ J}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a) P = 360,000 \text{ J} / (10 \text{ hrs} * 3600 \text{ s}) = 10 \text{ J/s} = 10 \text{ W}$$

$$b) P = 360,000 \text{ J} / (6 \text{ h} * 3600 \text{ s} + 40 \text{ min} * 60 \text{ s}) = 15 \text{ W}$$

$$c) P = 360,000 \text{ J} / (2 \text{ h} * 3600 \text{ s}) = 50 \text{ W}$$

$$d) P = 360,000 \text{ J} / (1 \text{ h} * 3600 \text{ s} + 40 \text{ min} * 60 \text{ s}) = 60 \text{ W}$$

$$e) P = 360,000 \text{ J} / (7.5 \text{ min} * 60 \text{ s}) = 450 \text{ W}$$